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Star-exponentials (w/
in deformation quantization
(w/ Pierre Schapira)

$$(M, \omega) \rightsquigarrow \{, \}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f * g = fg + \sum_{r \geq 1} \hbar^r C_r(f, g) \\ C_1(f, g) - C_1(g, f) = \{f, g\} \\ \text{associative} \end{array} \right.$$

An algebra structure on $(C^\infty(M)[[\hbar]], *)$

$$\text{Exp}_{* \hbar} \left(\frac{\hbar H}{i \hbar} \right) = \sum_{n \geq 0} \frac{1}{n!} \left(\frac{\hbar}{i \hbar} \right)^n H^{*n}$$

Example $T^*\mathbb{R} = \mathbb{R}^2$ w/ Moyal product

$$f \underset{M}{*} g = \exp\left(\frac{\hbar}{2} \{, \}\right) (f, g)$$

$$\text{Exp}_{*} \left(\frac{\hbar H}{i \hbar} \right) = \sum \frac{1}{\cos \frac{\hbar}{2}} \exp\left(\frac{x^2 + z^2}{i \hbar} \tan \frac{\hbar}{2}\right)$$

where ~~$\pi_n(x, \xi)$~~

$$= \sum_{n \geq 0} \exp(-i(n + \frac{1}{2})t) \pi_n(x, \xi)$$

where $\pi_n(x, \xi) = 2(-1)^n \exp\left(-\frac{x^2 + \xi^2}{\hbar}\right) \cdot L_n\left(\frac{x^2 + \xi^2}{\hbar}\right)$

Laguerre polynomials

Normal \star product:

$$(f \star_N g)(\bar{z}, z) = fg + \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{\hbar^n}{n!} \frac{\partial^n f}{\partial \bar{z}^n} \frac{\partial^n g}{\partial z^n}$$

Can be represented by path integral

... (Faddeev, Les Houches, 1975)

Heuristically:

$$\exp(\dots) = \text{F. P. I.} \\ \text{Gyinnann with integral}$$

Sheaf of microdiff operators \mathcal{E}_{T^*X}

Sato-Kashiwara-Kawai
Boutet de Monvel

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}}(P)(x; \xi) = \sum_{\substack{-\infty < j \leq m \\ m \in \mathbb{Z}}} p_j(x; \xi)$$

$p_j \in \Gamma(U, \mathcal{O}_{T^*X}(U))$

Canonical estimates:

$\forall K \subset U \exists$ positive C, ε :

$$\sup_{(x; \xi)} |p_j(x; \xi)| \leq C \varepsilon^{-j} (-j)!$$

$$\forall j < 0$$

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}}(P \circ Q) = \sum_{\alpha \in \mathbb{N}} \frac{1}{\alpha!} \partial_{\xi}^{\alpha} \sigma_{\text{tot}}(P)_x$$

$$\times \partial_x^{\alpha} \sigma_{\text{tot}}(Q)$$

Filtered by the order.

$$\text{gr } \mathcal{E}_{T^*X} \cong \bigoplus_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} \mathcal{O}_{T^*X}(j)$$

- Consider a homogeneous symplectic transformation

$$\rho: T^*X \supset U \cong V \supset T^*X$$

induces an isom of $\mathcal{E}_U \cong \mathcal{E}_V$
not uniquely)

$$\hat{k} = \mathbb{C}[[\hbar, \hbar^{-1}]]$$

Same growth condition

Forget the homogeneity: get a (no more conic) filtered sheaf of algs \mathcal{W}_{T^*X}

Kontsevich '2001
 Polesello - Schapira 2004
 Kashiwara '96

} Algebroid
 stack

$$(\sigma_{\text{tot}} \mathcal{P})(x, \xi) = \sum p_n(x, \xi) \cdot \hbar^{-n}$$

- same growth estimates

\mathcal{W}_{T^*X} directly from \mathcal{E}_{T^*X} :

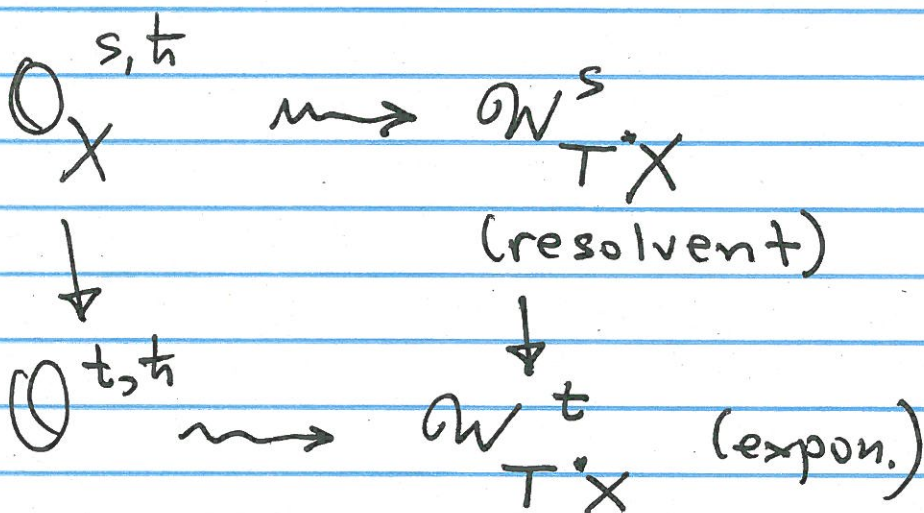
$$\mathcal{E}_{T(X \times \mathbb{C}), \hat{t}} = \{P \in \mathcal{E}_{T(X \times \mathbb{C})} :$$

$$[P, \partial_t] = 0\}$$

$$\text{Set } T_{\tau \neq 0}^*(X \times \mathbb{C}) = \{(x, t, \xi, \tau) : \tau \neq 0\}$$

...

Outline



- $\frac{1}{s-H} \in \mathcal{W}_{T^*X}^s$

- $\exp\left(\frac{tH}{i\hbar}\right) \in \mathcal{W}_{T^*X}^t$

Df \mathcal{O}_X^h

$$f(x, h) = \sum_{-\infty < j \leq m} f_j(x) h^{-j}$$

$$f_j \in \mathcal{O}_X(U)$$

$$\sup_K |f_j| \leq C \varepsilon^{-j} (-j)!$$

$\mathbb{C}_S = \mathbb{C}$ w/ coordinate s . $a: \mathbb{C}_S \times X \rightarrow X$

$$\mathcal{O}_{X, s, h} = R^1 a_! \mathcal{O}_{X^*}^h$$

$\mathcal{O}_{X, s, h} =$ Convolution algebra $H_c^1(\mathbb{C}, \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}})$

$$H_K^1(\mathbb{C}, \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}}) =$$

$$= \Gamma(\mathbb{C} \setminus K, \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}}) / \Gamma(\mathbb{C}, \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}})$$

The sheaf $\mathcal{O}_X^{s, \hbar}$

$$f(s, x, \hbar) = \sum_{j \leq m} f_j(s, x) \hbar^{-j}$$

$f_j(s, x)$ holom on $(\mathbb{C}_s - K_0) \times \mathbb{D}$

K_0 compact
indep of j

Estimates on $f_j \dots$

$$U \subset X \quad f(t, x, \hbar) = \sum_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} f_j(t, x) \hbar^{-j}$$

$$f_j \in \Gamma(U, \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}_t \times X} |_{t=0})$$

* $f_j(t, x)$ holo around $t=0$

$$\sup_{x \in K} |f_j(t, x)| \leq \frac{R^{j-m}}{(j-m)!} \dots \quad \forall j \geq m$$

$$\times \hbar^{-1}: \mathcal{O}_X^{t, \hbar}(m) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_X^{t, \hbar}(m+1)$$

$$\times f \in \mathcal{O}_X^{t, \hbar}(m) \quad g \in \mathcal{O}_X^{t, \hbar}(m')$$

$$fg \in \mathcal{O}_X^{t, \hbar}(m+m')$$

Thus * a sheaf of algebras

* No formal counterpart,

if forget about

growth conditions.

Laplace transform

The sheaves $\mathcal{O}_X^{t,h}$ and $\mathcal{O}_X^{s,h}$

related by a kind of Laplace transform

$$\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{O}_X^{s,h}) =$$

$$\mathcal{L}: \mathcal{O}_X^{s,h} \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{O}_X^{t,h}$$

Note: $\hat{\mathcal{O}}_X^{s,h}$, a formal $\mathcal{O}_X^{s,h}$, does

exist. But the Laplace transform cannot be applied.

Example ...

The sheaf $\mathcal{O}_{T^*X}^s$

$$\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}_s \times T^*X} = \left\{ \mathcal{P} \in \mathcal{O}_{T^*(\mathbb{C}_s \times X)} \mid [\mathcal{P}, s] = 0 \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{T^*X}^s = R^1 \rho_! \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}_s \times T^*X}$$

The sheaf $\mathcal{O}_{T^*X}^t$

a filtered sheaf of algebras

$\rho_j(t; x, \mathbb{R})$ holom around $\{|t| < \eta\} \times K$

$\mathcal{O}_{T^*X}^t$ contains usual def. qua.

$x \xrightarrow{s-P}$ defines an element

of $\Gamma(U, \mathcal{O}_{T^*X}^s)$

Expand in s^{-k} and apply Laplace transform. / get exp.

Theorem For $P \in \mathcal{O}_{T^*X}(0)$ (order 0),

there is a section

$$\exp\left(\frac{t}{h} P\right) \in \mathcal{O}_{T^*X}^t \quad \text{s.t.}$$

(X affine):

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}}\left(\exp\frac{t}{h} P\right) = \sum_{h \geq 0} \frac{t^h \sigma_{\text{tot}}^h(P)}{h!}$$

Boutet de Monvel:

pseudo-horisms (needed even to
show that \mathcal{E} is an algebra)