

Math B15  
Final Exam  
Winter 1997

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

I.D. # \_\_\_\_\_

**Instructions:**

Write your name and I.D. number above. Show all work on these pages, and make sure that your final answer is clearly shown. No **books**, **calculators**, or **tables** are allowed. Check that this exam contains 10 pages. Good luck, and have a nice holiday!

	Possible points	Score
1	10	
2	10	
3	10	
4	10	
5	10	
6	10	
7	10	
8	10	
9	10	
10	10	
<b>TOTAL</b>	100	

1. Compute the integral of  $f(x, y, z) = x + y$  over the region bounded by the surfaces  $z = 2 - x^2$  and  $z = x^2$  for  $y \in (0, 3)$ .

2. Consider solid region cut out of the solid sphere about the origin and radius 4, by the cylinder  $x^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 1$ . Express its volume in terms of an integral in cylindrical coordinates, but do not evaluate the resulting integral.

**3.**

- 3.1 Find the centroid of a homogeneous wire shaped like a semicircle of “radius”  $R$ .
- 3.2 Compute the line integral of  $\mathbf{F} \equiv -y\mathbf{i} + x\mathbf{j}$  over the quarter circle of radius 2 about the origin, starting at  $(0, 2)$  and going counterclockwise to  $(-2, 0)$
- 3.3 Integrate  $f(x, y, z) = xy$  along the elliptical helix of parametric equations  $x = 4 \cos t$ ;  $y = 9 \sin t$ ;  $z = 7t$ , for  $t \in [0, 5\pi/2]$ .

4. Compute the double integrals

$$\int_0^2 \int_{y/2}^1 ye^{x^3} dx dy; \quad \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} (4-x^2-y^2)^{-1/2} dy dx.$$

5. Find the mass of the spiral ramp  $z = \theta$ ,  $r \in (0, 1)$ ,  $\theta \in (0, \pi)$ , given that its density at the generic point of coordinates  $(r, \theta, z)$  is  $r$ .

6.

6.1 Show that the following field is conservative and find its potential.

$$\mathbf{F} = (x + \arctan x)\mathbf{i} + \frac{x + y}{1 + y^2}\mathbf{j}.$$

6.2 Find the potential of the conservative field

$$\mathbf{F} \equiv (y \cos z - yze^x)\mathbf{i} + (x \cos z - ze^x)\mathbf{j} - (xy \sin z + ye^x)\mathbf{k}.$$

7. Use Stokes Theorem to evaluate integral of  $\mathbf{F} \equiv y^2\mathbf{i} + z^2\mathbf{j} + x^2\mathbf{k}$  along the ellipse intersection of  $x + y + z = 1$  with  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ , oriented counterclockwise with respect to the positive direction of  $\mathbf{k}$ .

8.

8.1 Find the outward flux of the vector field

$$\mathbf{F} = (x^3 + x \tan z)\mathbf{i} + (y^3 - y \tan z)\mathbf{j} + (z^3 - \arctan xy)\mathbf{k},$$

across the boundary the unit ball.

8.2 Find the flux of  $\mathbf{F} \equiv x\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$ , across the paraboloid  $z = r^2$  for  $z \in (0, 4)$ . Note that the top is not included.

9. Make use of Stokes Theorem to compute the line integral of  $\mathbf{F} = y^2\mathbf{i} + z^2\mathbf{j} + x^2\mathbf{k}$  along the ellipse intersection of  $y = z$  and  $x^2 + y^2 = 2y$ , oriented counterclockwise with respect to the positive direction of  $\mathbf{k}$ .

10. Compute the integral

$$\iint_S \operatorname{curl}(yz\mathbf{i} - xz\mathbf{j} + z^3\mathbf{k}) \cdot \mathbf{n} dS,$$

where  $S$  is the portion of the cone  $z = r$  between the planes  $z = 0$  and  $z = 3$ .