

Preliminary Examination in Dynamical Systems
September, 2000

1. Let $f : \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ be an orientation-preserving contracting C^1 diffeomorphism (that is, assume that $0 < f'(x) < 1$, for all $x \in \mathbf{R}$). Prove that f is topologically conjugate to the linear map $x \mapsto x/2$. Give an example that shows that the conjugating map need not be C^1 .
2. Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{8}x^3$ on \mathbf{R} . Prove that f is structurally stable in terms of the C^1 -sup topology on functions on \mathbf{R} .
3. Let A be a transition matrix for a subshift of finite type, and let Σ_A be the associated (2-sided) shift space.
 - (a) Prove that if there is an element $\mathbf{s} \in \Sigma_A$ that contains the symbol i at least twice, then there is a periodic element $\mathbf{s}' \in \Sigma_A$ such that $s'_0 = i$. Such a symbol i is called *essential*.
 - (b) Prove that any ω -limit point in Σ_A contains only essential symbols.
4. Let f be a diffeomorphism and \mathbf{p} a periodic point for f . Let $H_{\mathbf{p}}$ be the equivalence class of periodic points which are heteroclinically-related to \mathbf{p} . Let $\Lambda_{\mathbf{p}} = \overline{H_{\mathbf{p}}}$. Prove that f is topologically transitive on $\Lambda_{\mathbf{p}}$.
5. Let $\mathbf{D}^2 = \{(x, y) \in \mathbf{R}^2 \mid x^2 + y^2 < 100\}$, and let $f : \mathbf{D}^2 \rightarrow \mathbf{D}^2$ be a C^1 diffeomorphism. Suppose that $\mathbf{p} = (0, 0)$ is a hyperbolic fixed point for f and that

$$\mathbf{W}^u(\mathbf{p}) \supset \{(x, 0) \mid 0 \leq x \leq 5\}, \text{ and}$$

$$\mathbf{W}^s(\mathbf{p}) \supset \{(x, (x-4)^2) \mid 3 \leq x \leq 5\}.$$

Prove that for every $\epsilon > 0$, there is a diffeomorphism $g : \mathbf{D}^2 \rightarrow \mathbf{D}^2$ such that: (1) $d_{C^1}(f, g) < \epsilon$, and (2) g has infinitely many periodic points.

6. Let f be a diffeomorphism with a hyperbolic attracting set Λ . Prove that $\mathbf{W}^u(\mathbf{p}) \subset \Lambda$ for any $\mathbf{p} \in \Lambda$.
7. Let $f : \mathbf{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^2$ be a diffeomorphism and \mathbf{p} a hyperbolic saddle fixed point. Assume \mathbf{q} is a homoclinic point for \mathbf{p} .
 - (a) Prove that \mathbf{q} is a chain recurrent point.
 - (b) Prove that \mathbf{q} is a nonwandering point provided that \mathbf{q} is a transverse homoclinic point for \mathbf{p} .