C. Robinson

Closed book. You may use hand calculators.

1. (30 Points) Let $F(z)=z^{3}$.
a) Describe the orbit of $z_{0}$ if $\left|z_{0}\right|>1$.
b) Describe the orbit of $z_{0}$ if $\left|z_{0}\right|<1$.
c) Determine the filled in Julia set and the Julia set.
2. (50 Points) Consider the map given in polar coordinates by

$$
F\binom{\theta}{r}=\binom{8 \theta-\frac{\pi}{8}}{1+\frac{1}{16} r+\frac{2}{\pi} \theta}
$$

for $0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ and $1 \leq r \leq 2$. (Notice this definition is only for part of the plane.) Let

$$
\begin{aligned}
V_{L} & =\{(\theta, r): 0 \leq \theta \leq 3 \pi / 32,1 \leq r \leq 2\} \\
V_{R} & =\{(\theta, r): \pi / 4 \leq \theta \leq 11 \pi / 32,1 \leq r \leq 2\}
\end{aligned}
$$

a) Let $g(\mathbf{q})=\frac{f(\mathbf{q})-\mathbf{q}}{\|f(\mathbf{q})-\mathbf{q}\|}$. Show that $g$ is essential as a map from $\partial V_{L}$ to $C$ and $\partial V_{R}$ to $C$.
b) Show that $\left\{V_{L}, V_{R}\right\}$ is a Markov partition for the invariant set of all points whose complete orbit lies in the region $S=\{(\theta, r): 0 \leq \theta \leq \pi / 2,1 \leq r \leq 2\}$.
c) Let $\Lambda$ be the invariant set in the region $S$. Let $x_{0}$ be a point in $S$ and $\mathbf{v}_{0}=\binom{1}{0}$ be the vector point in the $\theta$ direction. Prove that the Lyapunov exponent for $x_{0}$ and $\mathbf{v}_{0}$ is greater than or equal to $\ln (8)$.
d) Show that $\Lambda$ has a chaotic orbit. Note: You do not need to prove all the claims, but discuss why various properties for the orbit are true.
3. (30 Points) Let $F\binom{x}{y}=\binom{2 x y+y}{3 y-x}$. Find and classify the fixed points. (over)
4. (30 Points) Consider $Q(x)=x^{2}-\frac{43}{36}$. Notice that the fixed points are $p_{ \pm}=\frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{13}=$ $0.5 \pm 1.202$ and the orbit of period two is $\left\{q_{ \pm}\right\}=\left\{\frac{-3 \pm 4}{6}\right\}=\left\{\frac{1}{6}, \frac{-7}{6}\right\}$. Also if $x_{0}$ is any point in the open interval $\left(-p_{+}, p_{+}\right)$then either (i) there is an iterate $Q^{k_{0}}\left(x_{0}\right)$ which equals $p_{-}$or (ii) the forward orbit $Q^{k}\left(x_{0}\right)$ is asymptotic to the orbit $\left\{q_{-}, q_{+}\right\}$. How many different Lyapunov exponents are there for points in $\left[-p_{+}, p_{+}\right]$? What are they? (You may use the facts given as statements. You only need to answer the questions.)
5. (30 Points) Consider the iterated function system with no rotation, points $\mathbf{p}_{0}=(0.5,0)$, $\mathbf{p}_{1}=(0,0.5), \mathbf{p}_{2}=(0.5,1)$, and $\mathbf{p}_{3}=(1,0.5)$. and contraction factor $\beta=0.4$. Let $S$ be the attractor determined by this iterated function system.
a) Describe the set $S$.
b) Determine the fractal dimension of $S$.
c) Determine the topological dimension of $S$.
d) How many boxes of size 0.16 are needed to cover $S$ ?
6. (30 Points) Write a short discussion of the question "What is a chaotic dynamical system?" Include a discussion of measurements of chaos and some examples (without showing that the examples are chaotic).

