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Problem A1. Assume that a rectangle of dimensions $a$ and $b$ contains inside it another rectangle of dimensions $a^{\prime}$ and $b^{\prime}$. Prove that $a^{\prime}+b^{\prime}<a+b$.

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Problem A2. We place $4 n$ points uniformly on a circle. Then we paint any $2 n$ of them in red and the other $2 n$ points in blue. Prove that regardless of which points we have painted with each color, there is always a straight line that divides the circle in half leaving exactly $n$ red points and $n$ blue points at each side.

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Problem A3. Show that for every positive integer $n, 4^{n}+6 n-1$ is a multiple of 9 .

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Problem A4. Prove $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{\sin x} d x \geq \frac{\pi}{2}(e-1)$.

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Problem A5. A number $n$ has 250 positive divisors, sorted and indexed in increasing order: $1=d_{1}<d_{2}<d_{3}<\cdots<d_{250}=n$. Ted is allowed to pick two indices $i$ and $j(1 \leq i, j \leq 249)$, with the condition that $i+j \neq 251$, and he is given in return divisors $d_{i}$ and $d_{j}$. Show that Ted can always find the value of $n$ by picking appropriately those two indices.

